115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S.

To award a Congressional Gold Medal to the 23d Headquarters, Special Troops and the 3133rd Signal Service Company in recognition of their unique and distinguished service as a "Ghost Army" that conducted deception operations in Europe during World War II.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Markey (for himself, Ms. Collins, Mr. King, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Risch, Ms. Warren, and Mr. Kennedy) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on ______

A BILL

To award a Congressional Gold Medal to the 23d Headquarters, Special Troops and the 3133rd Signal Service Company in recognition of their unique and distinguished service as a "Ghost Army" that conducted deception operations in Europe during World War II.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Ghost Army Congres-
- 5 sional Gold Medal Act".

1	SEC.	2.	FINDINGS
1	BEC.	≠.	THIDHIGH

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3 (1) the 23rd Headquarters, Special Troops 4 (comprised of the 23d Headquarters and Head-5 quarters Company, Special Troops, the 603rd Engi-6 neer Camouflage Battalion, the 406th Combat Engi-7 neer Company, the 3132nd Signal Service Company 8 and the Signal Company, Special, 23d Head-9 quarters, Special Troops), and the 3133rd Signal 10 Service Company were top-secret units of the United 11 States Army that served in Europe during World 12 War II; 13 (2) the 23rd Headquarters, Special Troops, was 14 actively engaged in battlefield operations from June 15 of 1944 through March of 1945; 16 (3) the 3133 Signal Service Company was en-17 gaged in operations in Italy in 1945; 18 (4) the deceptive activities of these units were 19 integral to several Allied victories across Europe and 20 reduced casualties; 21 (5) in evaluating the performance of these units 22 after World War II, an Army analysis found that 23 "Rarely, if ever, has there been a group of such a 24 few men which had so great an influence on the out-

come of a major military campaign.";

1	(6) many Ghost Army soldiers were citizen-sol-
2	diers recruited from art schools, advertising agen-
3	cies, communications companies, and other creative
4	and technical professions;
5	(7) the first 4 members of the 23d Head-
6	quarters, Special Troops, landed on D-Day and 2
7	became casualties while creating false beach landing
8	sites;
9	(8) the 23d Headquarters, Special Troops, se-
10	cret deception operations commenced in France on
11	June 14, 1944, when Task Force Mason (a 17-man
12	detachment of the 23d led by First Lieutenant Ber-
13	nard Mason) landed at Omaha Beach;
14	(9) Task Force Mason conducted Operation
15	Elephant from July 1 to 4, 1944, to draw enemy
16	fire and protect the 980th Field Artillery Battalion
17	(VIII Corps) as part of the Normandy Campaign;
18	(10) Operation Elephant was a prelude to the
19	21 full-scale tactical deceptions competed by the 23d
20	Headquarters, Special Troops;
21	(11) often operating on or near the front lines,
22	the 23d Headquarters, Special Troops, used inflat-
23	able tanks, artillery, airplanes and other vehicles, ad-
24	vanced engineered soundtracks, and skillfully crafted
25	radio trickery to create the illusion of a sizable

American forces where there were none and to draw
the enemy away from Allied troops;
(12) the 3132nd and the 3133rd Signal Service
Companies, activated in Pine Camp (now Fort
Drum), New York at the Army Experimental Sta-
tion in March 1944, were the only 2 active duty
"sonic deception" ground combat units in World
War II;
(13) soldiers of the 23d Headquarters, Special
Troops, impersonated other, larger Army units by
sewing counterfeit patches onto their uniforms,
painting false markings on their vehicles, and cre-
ating phony headquarters staffed by fake generals,
all in an effort to feed false information to Axis
spies;
(14) during the Battle of the Bulge, the 23d
Headquarters, Special Troops, created counterfeit
radio traffic in an effort to deceive the enemy of the
movement of elements of General George S. Patton's
Third Army as it shifted to break through to the
101st Airborne Division and elements of 10th Ar-
mored Division in the besieged Belgian town of Bas-
togne;
(15) in its final mission, Operation Viersen, in

1	conducted a tactical deception operation intended to
2	draw German units down the Rhine River and away
3	from the Ninth Army, allowing the Ninth Army to
4	cross the Rhine into Germany;
5	(16) during Operation Viersen, the 23d Head-
6	quarters, Special Troops, with the assistance of
7	other units, impersonated 40,000 men, or 2 com-
8	plete divisions of American forces, by using fab-
9	ricated radio networks, soundtracks of construction
10	work and artillery fire, and more than 600 inflatable
11	and real vehicles;
12	(17) according to a military intelligence officer
13	of the 79th Infantry, "There is no doubt that Oper-
14	ation Viersen materially assisted in deceiving the
15	enemy with regard to the real dispositions and inten-
16	tions of this Army.";
17	(18) 3 soldiers of the 23d Headquarters, Spe-
18	cial Troops, gave their lives and dozens were injured
19	in carrying out their mission;
20	(19) in April 1945, the 3133rd Signal Service
21	Company conducted Operation Craftsman in support
22	of Operation Second Wind, the successful allied ef-
23	fort to break through the German defensive position
24	to the north of Florence, Italy, known as the Gothic
25	Line;

1	(20) along with an attached platoon of British
2	engineers, who were inflatable decoy specialists, the
3	3133rd Signal Service Company used sonic decep-
4	tion to misrepresent troop locations along this defen-
5	sive line;
6	(21) the activities of the 23d Headquarters,
7	Special Troops and the 3133 Signal Service Com-
8	pany remained highly classified for more than 40
9	years after the war and were never formally recog-
10	nized;
11	(22) the extraordinary accomplishments of this
12	unit are deserving of belated official recognition; and
13	(23) the United States is eternally grateful to
14	the soldiers of the 23d Headquarters, Special Troops
15	and the 3133d Signal Service Company for their
16	proficient use of innovative tactics during World
17	War II, which saved lives and made significant con-
18	tributions to the defeat of the Axis powers.
19	SEC. 3. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.
20	(a) AWARD AUTHORIZED.—The President Pro Tem-
21	pore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Rep-
22	resentatives shall make appropriate arrangements for the
23	award, on behalf of the Congress, of a gold medal of ap-
24	propriate design to the 23rd Headquarters, Special Troops
25	and the 3133rd Signal Services Company in recognition

1 of unique and highly distinguished service during World

- 2 War II.
- 3 (b) Design and Striking.—For the purposes of the
- 4 award referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary of the
- 5 Treasury (in this Act referred to as the "Secretary") shall
- 6 strike the gold medal with suitable emblems, devices, and
- 7 inscriptions, to be determined by the Secretary.
- 8 (c) Smithsonian Institution.—
- 9 (1) IN GENERAL.—Following the award of the
- gold medal under subsection (a), the gold medal
- shall be given to the Smithsonian Institution, where
- it shall be available for display as appropriate and
- made available for research.
- 14 (2) Sense of congress.—It is the sense of
- 15 Congress that the Smithsonian Institution should
- make the gold medal received under paragraph (1)
- available for display elsewhere, particularly at other
- locations associated with the 23rd Headquarters,
- 19 Special Troops and the 3133rd Signal Services Com-
- 20 pany.
- 21 (d) Duplicate Medals.—Under regulations that
- 22 the Secretary may promulgate, the Secretary may strike
- 23 and sell duplicates in bronze of the gold medal struck
- 24 under this Act, at a price sufficient to cover the cost of

1 the medals, including labor, materials, dies, use of machin-

- 2 ery, and overhead expenses.
- 3 SEC. 4. STATUS OF MEDAL.
- 4 (a) National Medal.—The gold medal struck
- 5 under this Act shall be a national medal for the purposes
- 6 of chapter 51 of title 31, Unites States Code.
- 7 (b) Numismatic Items.—For purpose of section
- 8 5134 of title 31, United States Code, all medals struck
- 9 under this Act shall be considered to be numismatic items.