116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION  S.
To revoke or deny visas to Chinese officials involved in the formulation or execution of a policy that prevents innocent United States citizens from leaving China.
IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES  Mr. Markey (for himself, Ms. Warren, Mr. Van Hollen, and Mr. Rubio) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on
A BILL  To revoke or deny visas to Chinese officials involved in the formulation or execution of a policy that prevents innocent United States citizens from leaving China.
1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

This Act may be cited as the "Ending China's Exit

7 Congress finds the following:

Ban for American Citizens Act of 2020".

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

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1	(1) According to the Integrated Country Strat-
2	egy for the United States Mission to China, released
3	on August 29, 2018—
4	(A) "Chinese law enforcement and security
5	services employ extra-judicial means against
6	U.S. citizens without regard to international
7	norms''; and
8	(B) exit bans "are sometimes used to pre-
9	vent U.S. citizens who are not themselves sus-
10	pected of a crime from leaving China as a
11	means to pressure their relatives or associates
12	who are wanted by Chinese law enforcement in
13	the United States".
14	(2) The Government of China has imposed exit
15	bans on United States citizens in the context of
16	criminal charges and private commercial disputes.
17	(3) Imposing exit bans on foreign nationals is
18	authorized by Article 28 of the Exit and Entry Ad-
19	ministration Law of the People's Republic of China,
20	which—
21	(A) lists the circumstances under which
22	"foreigners shall not be allowed to exit China",
23	including "other circumstances in which exit
24	shall not be allowed in accordance with laws or
25	administrative regulations"; and

1	(B) assigns responsibility for administering
2	exit/entry matters to the Ministry of Public Se-
3	curity and the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, with
4	public security organs responsible for admin-
5	istering "the stay and residence of foreigners.
6	(4) Such exit bans against United States citi-
7	zens may violate Article 35 of the Consular Conven-
8	tion Between the United States of America and the
9	People's Republic of China, done at Washington
10	September 17, 1980, which states that—
11	(A) if a United States national is "placed
12	under any form of detention", the Government
13	of China shall notify the United States con-
14	sulate within 4 days; and
15	(B) a United States consular officer is en-
16	titled to "be informed of the reasons for which
17	said national has been arrested or detained in
18	any manner."
19	(5) Such exit bans may also violate Article 36
20	of the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations,
21	done at Vienna April 24, 1963, and in effect in
22	China as of August 1, 1979, which requires the Gov-
23	ernment of China to "without delay, inform the con-
24	sular post of the sending State if, within its consular

1	district, a national of that Stateis detained in
2	any other manner.".
3	(6) Many United States citizens are not aware
4	of a ban on their exit until they attempt to leave
5	China and once they are made aware of the ban,
6	Chinese authorities provide very little information to
7	the United States citizen, or to United States con-
8	sular officials regarding—
9	(A) the nature of the ban;
10	(B) which Chinese government entity is re-
11	sponsible for the ban; and
12	(C) what procedures must be followed to
13	resolve the dispute related to the ban.
14	(7) The apparent extra-judicial application of
15	exit bans to United States citizens presents a serious
16	human rights concern that violates due process
17	rights to which United States citizens are entitled
18	under international law.
19	SEC. 3. INADMISSIBILITY OF CERTAIN ALIENS.
20	(a) Ineligibility for Visas.—If the Secretary of
21	State determines that an official of the Government of
22	China has been substantially involved in the formulation
23	or execution of a policy that prohibits certain United
24	States citizens from leaving China in an attempt to con-
25	vince a relative of such citizens to submit himself or her-

1	self into the custody of the Government of China for pros-
2	ecution, to compel United States citizens to participate in
3	Chinese government investigations, or to aid the Govern-
4	ment of China in resolving civil disputes in favor of Chi-
5	nese parties—
6	(1) such official may not be issued a visa to
7	enter the United States or be admitted to the United
8	States; and
9	(2) any visa or other documentation to enter or
10	to be present in the United States that was pre-
11	viously issued to such official shall be revoked by the
12	Secretary of State, in accordance with section 221(i)
13	of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
14	1201(i)).
15	(b) Termination of Visa Ineligibility.—
16	(1) In general.—The Secretary of State may
17	terminate visa ineligibility under subsection (a) with
18	respect to an individual if the Secretary of State
19	makes a determination that—
20	(A) credible information exists that the in-
21	dividual did not engage in the activity for which
22	visa ineligibility was imposed;
23	(B) the individual has been prosecuted ap-
24	propriately for the activity for which visa ineli-
25	gibility was imposed;

1	(C) the individual has—
2	(i) credibly demonstrated a significant
3	change in behavior;
4	(ii) been subject to an appropriate
5	consequence for the activity for which visa
6	ineligibility was imposed; and
7	(iii) credibly committed to not engage
8	in an activity described in that subsection
9	in the future; or
10	(D) the termination of visa ineligibility is
11	in the national security interests of the United
12	States.
13	(2) Notification.—Not later than 15 days be-
14	fore the date on which visa ineligibility is terminated
15	under paragraph (1) with respect to an individual,
16	the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the
17	Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, the
18	Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, the Com-
19	mittee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Rep-
20	resentatives, and the Committee on the Judiciary of
21	the House of Representatives that describes the jus-
22	tification for the termination.
23	(c) Annual Report to Congress.—
24	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
25	the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually

1	thereafter for the following 5 years, the Secretary of
2	State shall submit a report to the congressional com-
3	mittees listed in subsection (b)(2) that identifies—
4	(A) to the extent practicable, all of the
5	Chinese officials who were substantially involved
6	in the formulation or execution of a policy that
7	prohibits certain United States citizens from
8	leaving China in an attempt—
9	(i) to convince a relative of such citi-
10	zens to submit himself or herself into the
11	custody of the Government of China for
12	prosecution;
13	(ii) to compel United States citizens
14	to participate in Chinese government inves-
15	tigations; or
16	(iii) to aid the Government of China
17	in resolving civil disputes in favor of Chi-
18	nese parties;
19	(B) the individuals who have had visas de-
20	nied or revoked pursuant to subsection (a) dur-
21	ing the preceding year, including the dates on
22	which such denials or revocations were imposed
23	or terminated, as applicable;
24	(C) the number of United States citizens
25	who the Government of China has prohibited

1	from leaving China for any of the reasons de-
2	scribed in subsection (a); and
3	(D) for each of the United States citizens
4	referred to in subparagraph (C), the period dur-
5	ing which they have been forced to remain in
6	China.
7	(2) FORM.—The report required under para-
8	graph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form,
9	but may include a classified annex.
10	(3) Exclusion of Personally Identifiable
11	INFORMATION.—The Secretary of State may not in-
12	clude any personally identifying information of any
13	United States citizen in any of the reports submitted
14	to Congress under paragraph (1).
15	(4) Privacy act.—Any information obtained
16	by the Secretary of State to complete the report
17	under this subsection shall be subject to section
18	552a of title 5, United States Code (commonly
19	known as the "Privacy Act").
20	(d) Waiver for National Interest.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State may
22	waive the application of subsection (a) in the case of
23	an alien if the Secretary determines that such waiv-
24	er—

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1	(A) is necessary to permit the United
2	States to comply with the Agreement Regarding
3	the Headquarters of the United Nations, signed
4	at Lake Success June 26, 1947, and entered
5	into force November 21, 1947 (TIAS 1676), or
6	any other applicable international obligation of
7	the United States; or
8	(B) is in the national interest of the
9	United States.
10	(2) Notification.—Upon granting a waiver
11	under paragraph (1), the Secretary of State shall
12	submit a report to the congressional committees list-
13	ed in subsection (b)(2) that—
14	(A) details the evidence and justification
15	for the necessity of such waiver; and
16	(B) if such waiver is granted pursuant to
17	paragraph (1)(B), explains how such waiver re-
18	lates to the national interest of the United
19	States.