113TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION S.
To provide certain protections from civil liability with respect to the emergence administration of opioid overdose drugs.
IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES
Mr. Markey introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on
A BILL  To provide certain protections from civil liability with respect to the emergency administration of opioid overdose drugs.
1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled
3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4 This Act may be cited as the "Opioid Overdose Re
5 duction Act of 2014".
6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
7 (a) Findings.—Congress finds the following:
8 (1) Overdoses from opioids have increased dra

matically in the United States.

9

1	(2) Deaths from drug overdose, largely from
2	prescription pain relievers, have tripled among men
3	and increased fivefold among women over the past
4	decade.
5	(3) Nationwide, drug overdoses now claim more
6	lives than car accidents.
7	(4) Death from heroin and other opioid
8	overdoses can be prevented if the person who
9	overdosed is timely administered an opioid overdose
10	drug.
11	(5) Medical personnel as well as non-medical
12	personnel can be trained to administer opioid over-
13	dose drugs safely and effectively.
14	(6) Several States, including Massachusetts
15	have established programs allowing for the adminis-
16	tration of opioid overdose drugs by non-medical per-
17	sonnel, and those programs have saved lives.
18	(7) The willingness of medical and non-medical
19	personnel to administer opioid overdose drugs may
20	be deterred by potential civil liability, and the will-
21	ingness of physicians to prescribe opioid overdose
22	drugs to persons other than a patient may also be
23	deterred by potential civil liability.
24	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of this Act is to save
25	the lives of people who intentionally or inadvertently over-

- 1 dose on heroin or other opioids by providing certain pro-
- 2 tections from civil liability with respect to the emergency
- 3 administration of opioid overdose drugs.

## 4 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

- 5 In this Act—
- 6 (1) the term "health care professional" means
- 7 a person licensed by a State to prescribe prescription
- 8 drugs;
- 9 (2) the term "opioid overdose drug" means a
- drug that, when administered, reverses in whole or
- part the pharmacological effects of an opioid over-
- dose in the human body; and
- 13 (3) the term "opioid overdose program" means
- 14 a Federal, State, or local agency program or a pro-
- gram funded by a Federal, State, or local govern-
- ment that works to prevent opioid overdoses by, in
- part, providing opioid overdose drugs and education
- 18 to individuals at risk of experiencing an opioid over-
- dose or to a family member friend, or other indi-
- vidual in a position to assist an individual at risk of
- 21 experiencing an opioid overdose.

## 22 SEC. 4. PREEMPTION AND ELECTION OF STATE NON-

- 23 APPLICABILITY.
- 24 (a) Preemption.—Except as provided in subsection
- 25 (b), this Act preempts the law of a State to the extent

1	that such law is inconsistent with this Act, except that
2	this Act shall not preempt any State law that provides
3	additional protection from liability relating to the adminis-
4	tration of opioid overdose drugs or that shields from liabil-
5	ity any person who provides or administers opioid overdose
6	drugs.
7	(b) Election of State Regarding Nonapplica-
8	BILITY.—Sections 5, 6, and 7 shall not apply to any civil
9	action in a State court against a person who administers
10	opioid overdose drugs if—
11	(1) all parties to the civil action are citizens of
12	the State in which such action is brought; and
13	(2) the State enacts legislation in accordance
14	with State requirements for enacting legislation—
15	(A) citing the authority of this subsection;
	(21) crossing the dathering of this subsection,
16	(B) declaring the election of the State that
16 17	
	(B) declaring the election of the State that
17	(B) declaring the election of the State that such sections 5, 6, and 7 shall not apply, as of
17 18	(B) declaring the election of the State that such sections 5, 6, and 7 shall not apply, as of a date certain, to any civil actions covered by
<ul><li>17</li><li>18</li><li>19</li></ul>	(B) declaring the election of the State that such sections 5, 6, and 7 shall not apply, as of a date certain, to any civil actions covered by this Act; and
17 18 19 20	<ul><li>(B) declaring the election of the State that such sections 5, 6, and 7 shall not apply, as of a date certain, to any civil actions covered by this Act; and</li><li>(C) containing no other provisions.</li></ul>
17 18 19 20 21	(B) declaring the election of the State that such sections 5, 6, and 7 shall not apply, as of a date certain, to any civil actions covered by this Act; and  (C) containing no other provisions.  SEC. 5. LIMITATION ON CIVIL LIABILITY FOR HEALTH
17 18 19 20 21 22	(B) declaring the election of the State that such sections 5, 6, and 7 shall not apply, as of a date certain, to any civil actions covered by this Act; and (C) containing no other provisions.  SEC. 5. LIMITATION ON CIVIL LIABILITY FOR HEALTH  CARE PROFESSIONALS WHO PROVIDE OPIOID

1 provides an opioid overdose drug to an individual at risk

- 2 of experiencing an opioid overdose, or who prescribed or
- 3 provided an opioid overdose drug to a family member,
- 4 friend, or other individual in a position to assist an indi-
- 5 vidual at risk of experiencing an opioid overdose, shall not
- 6 be liable for harm caused by the use of the opioid overdose
- 7 drug if the individual to whom such drug is prescribed
- 8 or provided has been educated about opioid overdose pre-
- 9 vention and treatment by the health care professional or
- 10 as part of an opioid overdose program.
- 11 (b) Exception.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to
- 12 a health care professional if the harm was caused by the
- 13 gross negligence or reckless misconduct of the health care
- 14 professional.
- 15 SEC. 6. LIMITATION ON CIVIL LIABILITY FOR INDIVIDUALS
- 16 WORKING FOR OR VOLUNTEERING AT A
- 17 STATE OR LOCAL AGENCY OPIOID OVERDOSE
- 18 **PROGRAM.**
- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 20 sion of law, except as provided in subsection (b), no indi-
- 21 vidual who provides an opioid overdose drug shall be liable
- 22 for harm caused by the emergency administration of an
- 23 opioid overdose drug by another individual if the indi-
- 24 vidual who provides such drug—

1	(1) works for or volunteers at an opioid over-
2	dose program; and
3	(2) provides the opioid overdose drug as part of
4	the opioid overdose program to an individual author-
5	ized by the program to receive an opioid overdose
6	drug.
7	(b) Exception.—Subsection (a) shall not apply if
8	the harm was caused by the gross negligence or reckless
9	misconduct of the individual who provides the drug.
10	SEC. 7. LIMITATION ON CIVIL LIABILITY FOR INDIVIDUALS
11	WHO ADMINISTER OPIOID OVERDOSE DRUGS.
12	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
13	sion of law, except as provided in subsection (b), no indi-
14	vidual shall be liable for harm caused by the emergency
15	administration of an opioid overdose drug to an individual
16	who has or reasonably appears to have suffered an over-
17	dose from heroin or other opioid, if—
18	(1) the individual who administers the opioid
19	overdose drug obtained the drug from a health care
20	professional or as part of an opioid overdose pro-
21	gram; and
22	(2) was educated by the health care professional
23	or an opioid overdose program in the proper admin-
24	istration of the opioid antagonist drug.

1 (b) Exception.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to

- 2 an individual if the harm was caused by the gross neg-
- 3 ligence or reckless misconduct of the individual who ad-
- 4 ministers the drug.